

Dutch Flat Enquirer.

E. E. ROUSE, EDITOR.

THURSDAY, JULY 16, 1863.

DEMOCRATIC CLUB.—By authority of a resolution passed at the meeting held by the Democracy of Dutch Flat, precinct empowering the Committee appointed to draft resolutions and by-laws to call a meeting of the Democratic voters, the voters of the precinct will please meet at the Golden Eagle Hall on Saturday evening, July 18, 1863, at 8 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of acting upon the resolutions presented, and for the transaction of other important business.

WAGON ROAD.—We took a ride on the Dutch Flat and Donner Lake wagon road on Tuesday last, and was greatly surprised to find it in such excellent travelling order. The grade surpassed anything similar, as far as we went, we have seen in the State; it is no more over ten inches to the rod; wide and free from all obstructions, such as stones, roots, etc. Some of the turns are rather sharp, and we were of the opinion would prove troublesome to large teams, but owing to the width—something we had not before noticed—the difficulty is in a great measure done away with. The first twelve miles of the road, from the steam saw-mill, a point about one mile below this place, Mr. Co. bourn informed us, would be completed by Saturday next. We hope to be able to announce to our readers about the middle of September the completion of the entire work. We return our thanks to the Superintendents of this portion of the road, Messrs. Co. bourn and Secord, for the kind and hospitable treatment received at their hands.

"About these days" may be expected the self-sacrificing patriots—who have been induced to solicit the franchises of the sovereigns—to make their appearance in their blouses and courtiers. Each one deserves to be elected for their "indefatigable" perseverance in traveling from point to point, this excessive-hot weather. Those who are defeated, however, it is probable will leave nothing but a "grease spot." Work, gentlemen, work! Labor and industry is what you need now; visit every hill and ravine, every mansion and cabin, for on the success of your party this year, depends its existence hereafter. But, hold every sovereign you come across, and write to others you may be unable to visit, and demonstrate to them that the whole weight of the government rests upon your shoulders alone; that unless you are successful in being elected third assistant constable the financial and executive departments of the Government of the United States will immediately collapse, and the once mighty and glorious emblem of our nationality will forever after be trailed in the dust of defeat; that this government inaugurated as an "experiment" will burst her boiler, and break the "traces" of political and civil liberty all to "smash" if your talented and refined friend is unsuccessful in being able to present monthly checks on the Treasury for services as dog polter. Picture to the people in glowing terms your intense "loyalty" in keeping away from the rebels, and draw telling deductions from the fact that you are in favor of the war, but don't want to fight. Tell them of "all the grandeur and circumstances of war," make them believe—if you can—that imperishable laurels are now hanging from the brows of fame, ready to fall upon their brows, if they will only vote for you to "honor" the people, and be paid from one to four thousand dollars per annum therefor. Do all this, and the "people" will arrive at the sage conclusion that you are an ass, and should have a weight suspended from your caudal appendage to keep you from braying.

STATE FAIR.—The tenth Annual Fair of the State Agricultural Society will commence at Sacramento on Friday, September 25th, next, and continue till the second of October. Ten thousand dollars have been appropriated for premiums, and every exertion made to forward the objects of the Society. Our people cannot too liberally patronize this branch of industry; it is by fostering the agricultural interests of our State properly that we present those superior inducements to the permanent citizen to make investments, as well as invite the emigration of persons who will thoroughly, by their energy and perseverance develop our resources.

WE learn that a Mr. Fitzgerald was killed in a claim at Yankee Jim's on Saturday last by being washed out of a tunnel. He entered the tunnel not knowing at the time that it was choked up, and had proceeded but a short distance when the obstructions broke loose, washing him along with the rubbish into Brushy cañon. He leaves a wife and two children.

RIO.—Yesterday afternoon it was "reported" that a general riot was going on in the city of New York on account of the "Conscription Act" being about to be enforced. The people in the Eastern States appear determined not to submit quietly to this drain upon their citizens. The administration will doubtless find it a "war expediency" to inaugurate different measures to "crush out the rebellion." We hope we are not talking "treason."

HENRY GOODING. our worthy and efficient Sheriff, paid our town a visit yesterday. Mr. Gooding came on business connected with his office alone, and we are glad to see him looking in such good health. May he long continue to serve the people of our county.

WE again doff our beaver to J. W. Sullivan, of the News Depot of San Francisco, for late Eastern papers and magazines by the last steamer. Mr. Sullivan is the agent for all the political, literary and scientific Journals at the East and in Europe. Persons desirous to subscribe for any paper in the Atlantic States can do so by forwarding him the subscription price to San Francisco.

OUR friends will please excuse the lack of usual interesting matter this week; our columns are filled with the proceedings of the State Democratic Convention. This is a bait for some "mullet."

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

This body met in Sacramento on Wednesday the 8th instant. The entire State was represented, and from a list of the names we find in the proceedings, the greatest talent we have on Pacific coast was centered there. The business of the convention was dispatched with great unanimity and good feeling, and the gentlemen placed in nomination for office are such as will be a credit to any commonwealth in point of talent and private worth. After the report of the Committee on Credentials was received, and the election of permanent officers, the following proceedings were had:

1. Adoption of platform and resolutions that may be agreed upon by the convention.
2. Nomination of Governor.
3. Lieutenant Governor.
4. Clerk of the Supreme Court.
5. Secretary of State.
6. State Controller.
7. State Treasurer.
8. Attorney General.
9. Surveyor General.
10. State Printer.
11. Harbor Commissioner.
12. Three Members of Congress.
13. Five Justices of the Supreme Court.
14. Superintendent of Public Instruction.
15. Election of State Central Committee.

A lengthy debate occurred on the question of making nominations of Judges of the Supreme Court, or deferring their nominations until after the general election. It was decided to nominate.

The following gentlemen were placed in nomination for Governor: John B. Downey, of Los Angeles; John B. Weller, of Alameda; H. L. Sprague, of Shasta; and J. W. McCorkle, of Butte.

Mr. Downey came forward amid tremendous cheering and addressed the assembly; declining to be a candidate.

On motion of Mr. Weller, the Convention took a recess for one hour.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Mr. Maurice, of Butte, withdrew the name of J. W. McCorkle as a candidate for Governor.

Mr. Sprague withdrew his name, and declined to be a candidate.

W. M. Lent, of Santa Clara, was placed in nomination.

It was moved that an informal ballot be had, to test the sense of the Convention with regard to the different gubernatorial candidates; which motion prevailed under the previous question.

The vote of counties was called, and the vote stood as follows: Whole number of votes cast 329. Necessary to a choice 165. J. B. Weller received 55; J. W. McCorkle 18; W. M. Lent 56; J. G. Downey 200.

On motion of H. P. Barber, the rules were suspended, and John B. Weller, of Sacramento; J. W. McCorkle, of Butte; and J. B. Weller, of Alameda, were nominated by acclamation for Congress.

Mr. Weller and Mr. Bigler came forward, in response to calls, and addressed the Convention, accepting the nomination and thanking them for the honor conferred.

The rules were then suspended, and John G. Downey nominated for Governor by acclamation.

Mr. Downey appearing, thanked the Convention, but declined the nomination, and the Convention refusing absolutely to receive the proffered declination, Mr. Downey finally accepted the nomination amid the wildest cheering and applause.

The next business in order being the nomination of a candidate for Lieutenant Governor, the names of William Holden, of Mendocino; E. W. McKinstry, of Mono; J. L. English, of Sacramento, and O. M. Wozneroff, of San Bernardino, were placed in nomination.

Upon the first ballot, Holden received 107 votes; English, 86; Wozneroff, 36; McKinstry, 86. No choice.

The name of O. M. Wozneroff was then withdrawn.

On the second ballot, Holden received 82 votes; English, 57; McKinstry, 169. Mr. McKinstry's nomination was made unanimous.

For Clerk of the Supreme Court, A. C. Bradford, of San Joaquin, and M. May were placed in nomination. The name of Mr. May was withdrawn, and Mr. Bradford unanimously nominated by acclamation.

For Secretary of State, S. M. Bishop, of Tehama, and A. St. Clair Denver, of El Dorado, were placed in nomination. On the first ballot, Mr. Bishop received 186 votes; Mr. Denver, 144. Mr. Bishop was then declared the nominee, and the nomination made unanimous.

For Controller, R. O. Cravens, of Placer; W. K. Lindsay, of Sacramento; L. N. Quinn, of Marin; T. L. Barnes, of Sonoma, and Wm. Ord, of Santa Cruz, were placed in nomination. The name of Mr. Quinn was withdrawn.

On the first ballot, Barnes received 144 votes; Ord, 49; Lindsay, 30; Cravens, 100. No choice.

The names of W. K. Lindsay and W. Ord were withdrawn.

On the second ballot, Cravens received 172 votes; Barnes, 165. Mr. Cravens was declared the nominee and the nomination made unanimous.

For Treasurer, Thos. Findlay was nominated by acclamation.

For Attorney General, L. C. Granger, of Butte; J. M. Cochran, of Mariposa; J. A. McQuade, of Yuba, and P. L. Edwards, of Sacramento, were placed in nomination.

The names of all the candidates except those of Messrs. Whitesides, Lewis and Mandeville, were subsequently withdrawn, and Whitesides was nominated, receiving 177 votes to 153 for Mandeville.

Andrew S. Moulder, of San Francisco, was nominated for Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Tod Robinson and W. T. Wallace, were nominated by acclamation to the offices of Judges of Supreme Court.

On motion, the Convention then proceeded to ballot for the three remaining judgeships: H. H. Haight received 299 votes; W. H. Rhodes, 75; J. B. Hall, 224; Tod Robinson, 200; H. H. Hartley, 181; J. L. English, 4; A. B. Dibble, 3.

Messrs. Haight, Hall and Robinson having received a majority vote, were declared the nominees; and their nomination was made unanimous.

Three cheers were given for the Democratic ticket, and the Convention adjourned.

"NEVER having heard of Cravens of Placer, who was nominated for Controller, we cannot speak adversely of his antecedents. But, as the Union Democracy of Placer did not go into the fiction movement, and we take it for granted that Cravens has heretofore acted with the Breckinridge wing of the Democracy—*Sac. Union*.

The above is but a small specimen of the misrepresentation and utter repudiation of truth contained in the article from which it is taken. The italics are our own, and placed so in order that all may note the unblushing effrontery and lying propensities of that corrupt paper. The meetings held in this county to send delegates to the 8th of July Convention were participated in by members of both wings of the Democracy, and in one or two instances the gentlemen who had been elected as members of the County Central Committee resigned their position as members of that committee and were endorsed by the people as members of the Central Committee in the new organization, giving in their adherence to the movement—'and yet the editor of the *Union* with its facts before him, has the audacity to state that the Union Democracy was not represented in the July convention. Such mendacity in a paper pretending to truth is deplorable, and goes to show that the least circumstances will be eagerly sought for in order to represent the truth and mislead the people. The lie is worthy the Sacramento *Union* and the Sacramento Republican-Abolition party.

VIRGINIA EVENING BULLETIN.—This is the title of an evening daily published at Virginia City, N. T., on July 5th, by H. P. Taylor & Co., the first number of which we have now before us. It is independent in all things and neutral in nothing. In its salutatory it says:

"In politics, whenever we undertake to express an opinion, we shall hold ourselves free from all parties, cliques, or factions, and shall aim to strike error wherever it rears its head, whether in the councils of the great, or in the secret cabals of the more dangerous demagogue—whether in the ruler or the ruled."

It exhibits a neat typographical appearance, and the reading matter, both editorial and selected is in keeping with the times. Success attend your efforts, say we.

THE NEW TEST OATH.—The Sacramento *Union* of yesterday, says: The constitutionality of the test oath was argued Monday in the Supreme Court. It had been previously agreed, between Attorney-General Poley and ex-Judge Bennett, that the question should be raised and argued on some case in which the attorney had not taken the oath. In the case of Cohen vs. Wright, H. E. Highton, of San Francisco, yesterday appeared as counsel. The Attorney-General moved to exclude him from practicing in the court, on the ground that he had not taken the oath. On this motion, the point was able and elaborately argued by Poley for the motion and Bennett and H. O. Boaty against it. After argument, the question was taken under advisement by the Court. The counsel in opposition to the motion are both strong Union men, but are of course retained professionally by those who have not yet taken the oath, and therefore cannot appear for themselves.

In common law it is held that a party charged with violation of law or commission of overt acts, is innocent until proven guilty; and that he has a right, though a criminal, to be heard in self-defense before any court within the jurisdiction of the United States. The tables are turned now—a-days—the masters are the servants—*vice versa*.

LEE levied an assessment of \$300,000 on York, Pa., when he entered that place, and collected \$30,000. He then left the place, and on his way raised the balance; but he left one morning, suddenly, long before the expiration of the thirty days, and did not even leave word where he was going, so that the \$270,000 due him cannot be realized.—*Sac. Bee*.

The above is about as correct and reliable as these "freedom-shriekers" force their statements upon the public. Lee was not the man, but Ewell, and there is no dispatch stating that Lee levied this assessment; it was Ewell who dictated the levy and granted the specified time for the payment of the balance. No accounts since assume that Ewell has left York.

RIGHT.—The Dutch Flat and Donner Lake Wagon Road Company have raised the wages of laborers upon the work to \$10 per month, and we predict they will not now want for a sufficiency of good hands. Had the wages never been lowered during the winter there would have been more applicants than they could have found employment for. They have now a large force engaged and are anxious to increase it to five hundred more.

PERSONAL.—W. B. Lyon, the Republican candidate for Recorder of the county, paid a visit on Monday last. He is around visiting the dear "peeps" in order to ascertain their wishes in regard to their choice of men for Recorder.

CONFESSION.—In our last issue, under the head of "Will it pay?" in the 24th line from the top of the column, the compositor made us say "exclusively" when we had written and intended "conclusively." Our friends will please note the correction, and our enemies are at liberty to make the worst of the error.

THE WEATHER.—It has been warmer for the past week than we have known it before in this place, notwithstanding the clouds portended rain for several days. Yesterday the thermometer stood at 96 in the shade.

DEMOCRATIC SENTIMENTS.

While the Democratic State Convention was waiting for the report of the Committee on Credentials, Judge Tod Robinson, of Sacramento, H. P. Barber, of Tuolumne, and E. L. Hatch were severally called upon and responded with eloquent addresses. We subjoin the following: Mr. Robinson being the first called upon said:

Mr. President and gentlemen of the convention—I rejoice that I see this day. My heart leaps up with joy as I look around me and see the democracy laying aside party dissensions, suppressing party discords, forgetting the particular local or sectional issues, sacrificing all things to the love of country; and, forgetting their differences, the left wing, the right wing, the center and the reserve all marching up here, with pride in their looks, defiance in their eyes, to the music of the Union and placing their standard there. [Great applause.] It is a glorious day; it exalts my soul to the highest elevation of sublimity that once more I can look across the face and have them look one in the face and feel and boast that I am still a freeman. [Applause.]

This presence here to-day assures me, it assures you all and assures the country, that the shackles have dropped from our arms; that the heart of man may be arrested in the streets for expressing his opinions and incarcerated in a dungeon, shut out from the use of air and his own limbs, and so far as the law is concerned, consigned to an indefinite imprisonment, is over; and that this day is a precursor—that this moment now is the precursor of the glorious day when we shall witness the domination and supremacy of the law and the supremacy of the constitution, for the vindication and protection of our rights. [Great applause.]

Stand firm in the principles and in the feelings which brought you here. Let us be of one heart and one mind, let us have only one cause; for it is a glorious cause—that of civil and personal liberty; that cause alone which makes us "Lord of the lion heart and of the eagle eye." [Applause.] Everything depends upon our success. Life, honor, fortune—all is pledged and engaged in our cause. We are moved forward and animated by every consideration that can stir the heart of man, by every impulse that is honorable, every sentiment that is true, every ambition that is noble and inspiring; and, if anything is wanting, we have an enemy to face who is destitute of all these considerations, and possesses no qualifications, either of respect, fear or intimidation, except the power that they wield, and the malice, the fiendish malice, to our final loss and condemnation. Better, better everything else than that. Better bear hardships, even the hardships of civil war, than to submit, as we have heretofore done, to the crucifixion of the soul which our antagonists, our enemies—the government which has been elected and which is bound to protect us—have inflicted upon us. [Great applause.]

H. P. Barber, of Tuolumne, being next called upon said:—Mr. President and Fellow Democrats:—Never yield the freeman's right to free speech and free discussion. Defend it as you would your honor. Defend it as you would the sanctuaries of your own homes; defend it as you would the honor of your wives. Yield it, and you are bondsmen and slaves. No people were yet so degraded who maintained their right to free speech; no people so degraded who yielded that, and you establish, as a matter of course, a despotism over you as inexorable and as grinding as that of Russia itself.

That is what we democrats contend for, in defiance of the brutal threats of the party that would enslave us American citizens. [Applause.]

But I am infringing upon your time. There are other speakers, and eloquent ones, too, in this assemblage, and I shall be pleased to hear them myself. [Cheers.]

CONSTABLE'S SALE.
BY VIRTUE of an execution to me directed and delivered on the 14th day of July, A. D. 1863, issued out of the court of J. B. Currier, a Justice of the Peace of Township No. 7, county of Placer and State of California, upon a judgment rendered in said court by U. H. Young, J. P., acting for said Justice Currier in his necessary absence, on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1863, in favor of Charles Prestigiani and against W. S. Merkle and Conrad Helmer, I have caused to be sold to the highest bidder for cash, (gold and silver coin in front of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express office, in the town of Iowa Hill,

On Wednesday, the 6th day of August, 1863, at the hour of 12 o'clock, P. M., all the right, title, interest and claim that the said W. S. Merkle and Conrad Helmer or either of them had on the 29th day of May, 1863, in and to the following described property, to-wit: A certain lot or parcel of land, situated on the south side of Main street, in the town of Iowa Hill, Township No. 7, county of Placer, California, the same being known as the Star Bakery, and bounded on the East by the home and lot of said W. S. Merkle and Conrad Helmer, and on the West by house and lot owned by S. A. V. Crawford, and on the South by the back street, said lot running one hundred feet more or less to add back to the lot owned by said W. S. Merkle and Conrad Helmer, together with the oven and building, standing on the back end of said lot occupied by said Wm. Kilgo and family, together with all out-buildings, tenements, improvements, and hereditaments thereto belonging or in anywise appertaining. All of which named and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the said judgment, together with the cost due to said debt thereon.

J. B. CARDELL,
Constable Township No. 7,
W. D. LAWRENCE, Plbr., Atty.

PICTURE GALLERY!
NEARLY OPPOSITE THE THEATRE.
THE UNDERSIGNED INFORMS THE ladies and gentlemen of Dutch Flat and vicinity that having made improvements in the art, he is now prepared to take likenesses in any manner desired.

AMPHOTYPES AND PHOTOGRAPHS!
Taken to order. Those desirous of sending their likenesses to the "Old Folks at Home" have now an opportunity. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

O. B. SILVER,
May 28, 1863.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.
WE, the BOARD OF EXAMINERS created by an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the Treasury of the county of Placer," approved April 6th, A. D. 1863, do hereby certify, that in pursuance of our duties as set forth in said act of the Legislature of the State of California, we have examined the books and papers in the office of E. M. Haight the Treasurer of Placer county, and find that there should be on the 23d day of June, A. D. 1863, on the close of the official business of said day, the amounts in the several county funds as specified below:—

County Fund.....	\$26,180 48
Redemption do.....	887 48
Hospital do.....	2,776 16
School do.....	568 30
do Districts.....	4,027 89
Road do.....	1,488 08
Penny Judge's Fund.....	123 45
County Clerk's do.....	104 40
Indian do.....	37 60
Estate of Deceased Persons.....	129 84
Total.....	\$36,614 66

And we further certify, that we have counted the money in the Treasury of Placer county, and find that there is in said Treasury in United States gold and silver coin, the sum of thirty-six thousand, six hundred and fourteen dollars and sixty six cents.

JO. HAMILTON, Dist. Atty.
J. M. FANNO, County Judge.
J. R. ROGERS, Supervisors.
D. W. MAHON, J. P.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Notary Public in and for Placer county, this twenty-third day of June, A. D. 1863.

R. R. PATTON, Notary Public.
JUSTICES AND LAWYERS' BLANKS FOR sale cheap, at this office.

sembled a few weeks ago in this place, we did not meet together for the purpose of dividing the spoils of office among a set of dishonest and corrupt partisans. There is no member of this convention that has been bought and paid for by the politicians (voices—*that's so*—and applause.) There is no man in the hall, the horn thrall of Cedric the Saxon, wearing his master's collar upon his neck inscribed "I am John Connors' dog; whose dog art thou?" [applause.] No! Fellow-democrats. You are the representatives, and the worthy and honored representatives, of a full and noble democratic constitution. You come here to represent the patriotic element of the great, vast state of California. I feel confident in my own heart, and your constituents feel confident, that you will do your duty, and do your duty well and nobly for your country.

Fellow-citizens, I have long looked for this day. I have long waited and prayed for this good hour. I have seen a great and noble confederacy broken to pieces. I have seen a great government overthrown. I have seen the most sacred personal rights of the citizen trampled under foot. I have seen the constitution—the written will of the people—made the mere football of a vile, corrupt and abolition fiction, [applause.] I have seen all this; yet have never despaired. I have looked with hope to God and the people. It has been our boast in happier days, that we were the favored people of the Almighty. If we have forgotten Him, if He has withdrawn His favor from us, it was to punish us a people; for remember, there is no hereafter for nations. The crimes that nations commit must be atoned for in this world. So I have felt, for I have never, never lost faith in God nor in the justice and discriminating intelligence of the American people. That is where in our party differs from all other parties.

Why, who is it that is charging you with being traitors to your country? Why it is that these men, these usurping masters of yours, are charging democrats with treason? Why is it that they are charging you with being rebel sympathizers? Why is it, but because they tremble in view of the exposures of their wrong doing and their enormous usurpations? [Applause.] Fellow-citizens, they fear to trust an intelligent and an honest people. They are afraid of a free press; they are afraid of an unfettered public press. They are afraid to trust a free and untrammelled ballot-box. It is a bad cause which fears the truth; it is a bad cause which fears honest criticism and discussion.

The crowning glory of the Democratic party, is that it has always trusted the people. It relies for its support, in the language of our ancient platform, "upon the discriminating intelligence and justice of the American people." It holds that the people have a right to hold their servants to a strict and rigid accountability. It holds that the people have a right to elect the great and cardinal doctrine, that the people have an inalienable and an everlasting right to meet together where and when they please, and to discuss as they please, all questions of public policy connected with the administration of their government. [Applause.] Those are their rights. Never yield the freeman's right to free speech and free discussion. Defend it as you would your honor. Defend it as you would the sanctuaries of your own homes; defend it as you would the honor of your wives. Yield it, and you are bondsmen and slaves. No people were yet so degraded who maintained their right to free speech; no people so degraded who yielded that, and you establish, as a matter of course, a despotism over you as inexorable and as grinding as that of Russia itself.

That is what we democrats contend for, in defiance of the brutal threats of the party that would enslave us American citizens. [Applause.]

But I am infringing upon your time. There are other speakers, and eloquent ones, too, in this assemblage, and I shall be pleased to hear them myself. [Cheers.]

NOTICE.
H. C. HARVEY & CO., HAVING DISPOSED of their entire stock to Mr. A. H. Davis, would notify all persons having claims against the very late firm, to present them immediately, and these included to them by note, account or otherwise will please call and settle their indebtedness with Wm. Hooper who is alone authorized to settle the business of H. C. Harvey & Co.

May 19, 1863.—H. C. HARVEY, Wm. Hooper.

DRY GOODS STORE.
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

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MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

Dry Goods and Clothing Store OPENED IN DUTCH FLAT.
A few doors below W. & P. Nichols' Banking House, by

CHARLES ADLER.
I have all the latest styles and patterns of Domestic and Foreign Dry Goods, Clothing, Hosiery, Shawls, &c., usually kept in any store in the State, which I sell at the lowest cash prices.

NATIONAL HOTEL.
(One door above Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Office.)

J. A. Shoemaker, Proprietor.
THE PROPRIETOR WOULD RESPECTFULLY call the attention of his friends and the public generally to his hotel, which has recently been renovated, refitted and refurnished, at considerable expense, and is now, in point of accommodations, second to none in the mountains. The rooms are pleasant and comfortable, and well ventilated.

Board, per Week, \$6.00.
The table will be supplied with the best the market affords of every variety in the season.

A share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. Patrons to this house may rest assured that no courtesies common in any hotel in the State will be found wanting. April 9.—J. A. SHOEMAKER.

DUTCH FLAT HOTEL, AND GENERAL STAGE OFFICE.
Corner of Main and Stockton Streets.

CHARLES SEFFENS, PROPRIETOR.
THE PROPRIETOR IS DESIROUS OF forming the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity as well as the traveling public that he is now making large additions to his heretofore spacious hotel, which will render it the most comfortable and commodious house in the mountains. He is now, as formerly, prepared to accommodate those who may favor him with their patronage with well aired rooms, clean beds, and comfortable and well ventilated.

The Stage books are kept at this hotel, and persons looking their names will be called at any hour. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a portion in future. May 14.—J. C. SEFFENS.

BOOT, SHOE AND DRY GOODS STORE.
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

R. HEDDEPHAL & CO., RESPECTFULLY inform the public of Dutch Flat that they have on hand and are constantly receiving a well assorted stock of

COATS, BOOTS, PANTS, SHOES, VESTS, BLANKETS, TRUNKS, VALISES, LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S GAITERS, SHOES AND TIES.

From the most celebrated Eastern manufacturers together with an excellent supply of

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, which they are enabled, from their connection with houses below, to sell at the lowest market prices.

Particular attention paid to the making, turning and repairing of boots and shoes. ap-4

NOTICE.
H. C. HARVEY & CO., HAVING DISPOSED of their entire stock to Mr. A. H. Davis, would notify all persons having claims against the very late firm, to present them immediately, and these included to them by note, account or otherwise will please call and settle their indebtedness with Wm. Hooper who is alone authorized to settle the business of H. C. Harvey & Co.

May 19, 1863.—H. C. HARVEY, Wm. Hooper.

DUTCH FLAT BAKERY!
HENRY BENCKE, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS OLD ESTABLISHMENT has been induced by the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity to sell his bakery and confectionery business heretofore established, as seems them that he will endeavor to keep up the reputation of his establishment. Fresh

Bread, Cakes and

